Reading Connection Tips for Reading Success

February 2020

Book Picks



■ *It's Only Stanley* (*Jon Agee*) The Wimbledon family is trying to fall asleep, but every time they do, Stanley the dog wakes them up. First he howls, then there are clanks, buzzes,

and other random sounds. What's all the noise about? Stanley is up to something wonderful in this rhyming story.



Starring Jules (As Herself)



(Beth Ain) Second-grader Jules Bloom is in a panic. She has an audition for a commercial that she's sure

will lead to fame. But she's going to need the help of her ex-best friend and a potential new best friend to make it happen. This early chapter book is the first in the Jules series.

■ Little Libraries, Big Heroes (Miranda Paul)

How did Little Free Libraries get their start? Readers will find out in this biography about Todd Bol. He created the first Little Free Library to share his mother's love of reading with others. Since then, the movement has spread, turning Todd into a reading hero for people all over the world.

■ I Am Earth (Rebecca and James McDonald)

Earth itself "narrates" this nonfiction book about gravity, chang- – ing seasons, orbits, and



ing seasons, orbits, and more. Information on keeping the planet healthy is woven in, and comic-style illustrations and speech balloons make the book easy to read. (Also available in Spanish.)

Clever decoding strategies

What goes through your child's head when he's reading and comes to a word he doesn't know? Encourage him to think like a detective by asking himself these questions that will help him "decode" unfamiliar words.

"Does it remind me of a word I know?"

Once your youngster learns to read a word, he can use it to read other words. For practice, take turns picking a word and saying words it makes you think of. See a stop sign? Your youngster might say *stop* starts like *step* or rhymes with *top*. Now have him use this strategy when he reads. *Example: "S-t-o-m-p* looks like *stop*. But there's an *m* in it. *Stomp*!"

"Is there a part I recognize?"

Even if your child doesn't know a long word, chances are there are small words inside it that he can read. Choose a long word in a book, and see who can find the most words in it. In *window*, your youngster may see *win* and *wind*. Or maybe he'll notice that *macaroni*

Trace the groundhog's shadow

Will the groundhog see his shadow this Groundhog Day? The groundhog in this activity will—and by tracing the shadow, your youngster will give her "writing muscles" a workout.

• **Sculpt.** Let your child use clay or play dough to make a groundhog. She'll strengthen her fingers as she rolls and shapes the dough.

● **Trace.** Have your youngster trace her groundhog's shadow to work on hand coordination. Lay a sheet of paper under a lamp. She can position the groundhog so the light casts a shadow on the paper. Then, she could use a crayon to trace around the shadow's outline.♥



Shafer Elementary School

Title I Reading

contains *car* and *on*. Putting together the familiar parts can help him read the whole word.

"Does it have a pattern?"

What do *cake*, *lime*, and *note* have in common? They all follow the pattern consonant / long vowel / consonant / silent *e*. When you read with your child, encourage him to look for words that fit patterns he is learning in school. Spotting the pattern might help him correctly read *mine* instead of saying *min*, for instance.♥



Write to learn

As your child learns to write, she can also use writing to learn. Here are a few ideas.

"What I know" journal. Encourage your youngster to start a notebook about what she's studying in school. After a science experiment with magnets, she might list things that she discovered are magnetic, then test household objects and add to her list.

Or if she's learning to solve story problems in math, she could make up her own problems and illustrate them.

Silent reading

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• My daughter has started reading silently. What is my role now?

A The ability to read silently shows that your child is becoming more independent as a reader. Still, she'll benefit from the same kinds of things you did when she was just beginning to read.



For example, make sure she has plenty of reading material. Take regular trips to the library, and encourage your daughter to choose a variety of books. Also, set aside time to read. You might snuggle up and read your own book alongside heryou'll show her that reading is a lifelong pleasure.

Finally, talk about books with your youngster. Ask her about what she reads in school and at home, and tell her what you're reading. The two of you might even read the same book and discuss it when you're finished.♥

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Character interviews. What would your child ask a famous person or a fictional character? She can use her imagination by writing pretend interview questions and making up answers. Maybe she'd ask, "What's the hardest thing about being a dragon?" and reply: "Hiding under the bed!"

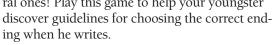
Reading log. Suggest that your youngster keep track of books she reads. She could practice summarizing

by writing a sentence or two about each title. She may even rate each book with 1–5 stars—she'll practice critical thinking as she compares books and decides which ones she liked more or less than others.♥



Play with plurals

What do s and es have in common? They turn singular words into plural ones! Play this game to help your youngster



1. Have your child label two sheets of paper, one with s and the other with es. You take one sheet, and he gets the other.

2. Set a timer for three minutes. Each of you should look through a book and write plural words you find with the ending on your sheet. For s, your youngster might list arms, birds, and cups. For es, you could write dishes, couches, and boxes.

3. When time's up, have your child count the words on each sheet. Which ending "wins" (is most common)? He'll see that most plural words end with s.

4. Ask your child what he notices about the es words. He may realize that many have ch, sh, s, o, x, or z before the es, while other words take an s. Then, suggest that he keep the lists handy when he writes so he can refer to the examples.♥

arent Parent

Be a reading volunteer

I wanted to support the reading program at my son Ricky's school. Since I stav at home with my infant twins. I emailed the teacher to ask if she had take-home projects I could do.

I found out that there are many ways I can help. Sometimes the teacher sends home instructions and materials for me to make classroom games like spelling bingo and vocabulary tic-tac-toe. Other

times, she has asked me to write poems or sentences on poster board. The projects are fun, and Ricky is always interested in what I'm doing.

I've also volunteered in the classroom a couple of times while my mom watched the twins. One morning, I read



with small groups, and another day, I helped students turn their stories into books. Ricky likes seeing me in his classroom, and I like that I'm making a difference at his school.♥

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